

# 3 ways to use events

1) HTML event handlers – old fashioned

```
<a onclick="hide()">
```

2) DOM event handlers

```
var el = document.getElementById('username');  
el.onblur = checkUsername();
```

3) Event listeners

```
var el = document.getElementById('username');  
el.addEventListener('blur', checkUsername, false);
```

# Event Listeners

Most recent approach

Can call more than one function at a time

Not supported by older browsers

# Event Listeners

```
element.addEventListener ('event', functionName, [Boolean]);
```



Indicates capture  
Usually set to false

## Event Listeners – event-listener.html

```
function checkUsername() {  
  var elMsg = document.getElementById('feedback');  
  if (this.value.length < 5) {  
    elMsg.textContent = 'Username must be 5 characters or more';  
  } else {  
    elMsg.textContent = "";  
  }  
  
  var elUsername = document.getElementById('username');  
  elUsername.addEventListener('blur', checkUsername, false);  
}
```

## Event Listeners – event-listener-with-ie-fallback.html

IE 5-8 did not support event listeners

Example fallback

attachEvent() method

## Event Listeners – event-listener-with-ie-fallback.html

```
if (elUsername.addEventListener) {  
    elUsername.addEventListener('blur', function(){    checkUsername(5);  
    }, false);  
} else {  
    elUsername.attachEvent('onblur', function(){  
    checkUsername(5);  
    });  
}
```

## Event Listeners – event-listener-with-ie-fallback.html

```
if (elUsername.addEventListener) {  
    elUsername.addEventListener('blur', function(){    checkUsername(5);  
}, false);  
} else {  
    elUsername.attachEvent('onblur', function(){  
        checkUsername(5);  
    });  
}
```

# Types of Events

## W3C DOM Events

## HTML5 Events

## BOM Events

Under  
development

Touchscreen devices,  
accelerometer, etc.

submit

touchstart

Input

touched

change

orientationchange

hashchange



# UI Events

error	The event occurs when an error occurs while loading an external file
load	The event occurs when an object has loaded
resize	The event occurs when a document view is resized
scroll	The event occurs when an element's scrollbar is being scrolled
unload	The event occurs once a page has unloaded (for <body>)

# UI Events

Example- load.html

```
function setup() {  
  var textInput;  
  textInput = document.getElementById('username');  
  input  
    textInput.focus();  
}  
window.addEventListener('load', setup, false);
```

# Focus & Blur Events

blur	The event occurs when an element loses focus
focus	The event occurs when an element gets focus
focusin	same as focus
focusout	same as blur

# Focus & Blur Events

Example: focus-blur.html

As the text input gains and loses focus,  
the feedback is shown to the user in the `<div>` element below

# Mouse Events

click	The event occurs when the user clicks on an element
dblclick	The event occurs when the user double-clicks on an element
mousedown	The event occurs when a user presses a mouse button over an element
mouseover	The event occurs when the pointer is moved onto an element, or onto one of its children
mouseout	The event occurs when a user moves the mouse pointer out of an element, or out of one of its children
mouseup	The event occurs when a user releases a mouse button over an element
mousemove	occurs when the cursor is moved around the element

# Mouse Events

Example: click.html

# Where Events Occur

screen

page

client

screenX

pageX

clientX

screenY

pageY

clientY

# Where Events Occur

Example: position.html



# Where Events Occur

```
var sx = document.getElementById('sx');  
var sy = document.getElementById('sy');  
var px = document.getElementById('px')  
var py = document.getElementById('py')  
var cx = document.getElementById('cx')  
var cy = document.getElementById('cy')
```

```
function showPosition(event) {  
  sx.value = event.screenX;  
  sy.value = event.screenY;  
  px.value = event.pageX;  
  py.value = event.pageY;  
  cx.value = event.clientX;  
  cy.value = event.clientY;  
}  
var el = document.getElementById('body');  
el.addEventListener('mousemove', showPosition, false);
```

# Keyboard Events

- input      Occurs when the value of <input> or <textarea> changes
- keydown    The event occurs when the user is pressing a key
- keypress   The event occurs when the user presses a key
- keyup      The event occurs when the user releases a key

# Keyboard Events

Example: keypress.html

Event listener checks for keypress event on the <textarea> element

Each time it fires, the charCount() function updates the character count and shows the last character used.

# Keyboard Events

```
var el;  
function charCount(e) {  
var textEntered, charDisplay, counter, lastkey;  
textEntered = document.getElementById('message').value;  
charDisplay = document.getElementById('charactersLeft');  
counter = (180 - (textEntered.length));  
charDisplay.textContent = counter;  
lastkey = document.getElementById('lastKey');  
lastkey.textContent = 'Last key in ASCII code: ' + e.keyCode;  
}  
el = document.getElementById('message');  
el.addEventListener('keypress', charCount, false);
```

# Form Events

submit	Occurs when form is submitted
change	occurs when the status of forms change (ex. radio button selected)
input	occurs when user types in text in the <code>&lt;input&gt;</code> or <code>&lt;textarea&gt;</code>

# Form Events

Example: form.html

The change events triggers the PackageHint() function.